

地質公園考察指南  
Geopark Field Guide

烏蛟騰至  
荔枝窩  
Wu Kau Tang to Lai Chi Wo



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# 自然地理概況

## Overview of Physical Geography



### 概況

烏蛟騰至荔枝窩科學考察路線的起點為烏蛟騰，其地理座標為北緯 22°30'21"，東經 114°14'31"。由烏蛟騰村沿著苗三古道前行約 0.8 公里便是九担租村。該村原是一座李姓及劉姓的客家村落，有十多間房屋。至 70 年代，村民相繼搬到大埔居住，現在村屋全部空置。由九担租村沿古道前行 2 公里便是上、下苗田，這兩條村原有村民 80 人，為客籍曾、巫兩姓家族；至 70 年代，村民棄村遷居大埔，如今村莊已經荒廢，房屋都已倒塌。由下苗田前行 1 公里是三桠涌，站在露營地點眺望遠方，天海一色，景色宜人的三桠灣盡入眼簾，沿岸的紅色岩石也美不勝收。從三桠涌再前行 1 公里是三桠村，在 50 至 60 年代，這裏共有村民 200 多人，以捕魚和耕種為生；現今全村已搬出，房屋建築均已荒廢。由三桠村經山尾坳前行 1.5 公里，便到達終點荔枝窩，其地理座標為北緯 22°30'48"，東經 114°16'20"。

### Overview

Wu Kau Tang, the starting point of the Wu Kau Tang to Lai Chi Wo geoscience route, is located at 22°30'21"N and 114°14'31"E. Walk ahead along Miu Sam Ancient Path for about 0.8 km from Wu Kau Tang Village, you will reach Kau Tam Tso Village, which has over 10 cottages of Hakka with surnames of Lee and Lau. By the 1970s, the villagers had moved to Tai Po in succession, leaving the cottages empty. Another 2km ahead of Kau Tam Tso Village along the ancient path are Sheung Miu Tin and Ha Miu Tin, which originally had 80 Hakka villagers with surnames Tsang and Mo. By the 1970s, the villagers had also moved to Tai Po, leaving the cottages in disrepair by now. Walk ahead for 1km from Ha Miu Tin, you will reach Sam A Chung. Viewing from the camp site, the enchanting Sam A Wan is in the distance with fascinating red rocks along the coast. Another 1km ahead of Sam A Chung is Sam A Tsuen, which had over 200 villagers living off fishing and farming in the 1950s to 1960s; by now all the villagers have moved out, with the houses lying in waste. Continue to walk ahead for 1.5km from Sam A Tsuen and pass through Shan Mei Au, you will reach the ending point Lai Chi Wo located at 22°30'48"N and 114°16'20"E.